The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.--Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1887. No. 19

HATS! HATS!

We have just received, direct from London, a Splendid Line of

Christy's Celebrated Stiff Hats

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

A. GILMORE,
Merchant Tailor & Clothier,
JOHNSON STREET.

$6 | PANTS! PANTS! PANTS! | $6
Made to Order for $6
AT
LEASK & MORRISON'S, 304 Government Street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HOTELS—VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL,
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Established 1869. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day.
july18 T. J. BURNES.

THE CLARENCE,
FRANK G. RICHARDS, JR., Lessee,
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate. sep8

THE OCCIDENTAL.
JOSEPH BAYLEY, Propr.
The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Fraser steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fireproof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates—$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms. no16 ty

ORIENTAL HOTEL.
WM. McKEON & SON, Prop's.
American plan. Is the most desirable first-class hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

THE GORDON HOTEL.
ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.
Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Bad Whiskey," but good Cigars. He cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

THE COLONIST HOTEL.
BEACON HILL.
Lovely scenery! beautiful surroundings! A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria. Families can be provided with suites of room at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 517. mar28

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.
Board and Lodging, per week........$5.50 and $6.
Board, per week........................$4.50
Beds, per night..........................50cts
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria. sep18

HOTELS—VANCOUVER.

THE BURRARD HOTEL,
MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's.
Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE.
JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.,
Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B. C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. SCHLENK, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

HOTELS—NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE,
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated, within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN RANKIN, Proprietor.
jan12 3m

HOTELS—KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
KAMLOOPS, B. C.
Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
sept4 ly J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS—WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE.
WINNIPEG, MAN.
Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors. sept22 3m

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT.
F. DAVIS, Proprietor.
Yates street, bet. Government and Broad streets. Open day and night. First-class in every respect. Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 15 cents upwards. oct18

MUSICAL.

HERR HEINRICH BOHRER,
PROFESSOR OF PIANO.
From Montreal, has arrived, and will reside for a permanency in Victoria. For terms, etc., address Hotel Dyiard, where he may be seen daily. dec23

EDUCATIONAL.

CORRIG SCHOOL.
A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL
For young gentlemen. Will re-open on Monday January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Instructors. Four vacancies for Boarders. dec 21-mo

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
H. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.
Private tuition for candidates preparing for examinations. Kane street, next above Blanchard. jan

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—An established Hotel business with a paying trade centrally situated within a short distance of the Post Office. A good opening for a good man with CASH. Address, for particulars, "HOTEL," TIMES office.

Condensed Advertisements

Inserted on this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Persons Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines—forty words—three insertions for 25 cents; and one week (six times) for 50 cents; and if longer than one week, 15 cents additional to the foregoing, per week, will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $5 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 50 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

WANTED—An energetic man, with small capital, to carry on a business. No opposition on the Pacific coast; good pay; good reasons for selling. Can sell all he can manufacture at sight. Samples of work can be seen. Address J. B. JACKSON, P. O., Victoria. j29 3t

WANTED.—A woman or girl to do general housework and cooking, liberal wages will be paid to a suitable person. Apply to Mrs A. B. Gray, James Bay, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. jan 29-6t

WANTED.—Steady employment in a warehouse, store, office or any similar occupation by a steady, respectable young man. First-class references. Address "Warehouse," Box 607, City. jan21 2w

WANTED.—Tenders will be received by the undersigned to the 1st of February for Slashing and Grubbing 10 acres of timber land on James Island. R. T. WILLIAMS View & Govt. Street jan 10 td

IF YOU WANT Domestics, Farm hands, Labourers, Mechanics, Cooks, Waiters, etc., or any kind of labour done, call at the B. C. E. Bureau. PICKERING & Co., Fort St. Telephone 21. oc 28

SICK NURSE.

MRS. K. WEEK, MONTHLY NURSE.
Late from Toronto. Address Post Office, City. jan29 6t

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND STRAYED.—A two-year old Heifer, at North Dairy Farm. The owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses, within ten days, otherwise she will be sold. January 29, 1887. 10t BEAK & CO.

TO RENT.

TO RENT.—Two Front Rooms, furnished, with Bedroom and Sitting Room, in the pleasantest part of the city; also use of kitchen if required. Address "Apartments," TIMES office. jan24 6t

FOR RENT.—One or two Rooms to let at Denny's, over Victoria House; splendid light; entrance to rooms in sight, at head of stairs. Also Room on ground floor, 32x18 in rear of the Victoria House, entrance Broad street; suitable for sample or work room. Apply to jan24 1f WM. DENNY.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
sep 1-1y WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT Temperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.
☞Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. | ☞Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. F. W. HALL, M. D., C. M.
OFFICE—Theater Block, Douglas street. Consultation free.

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured, $300,000,000. H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3 ly

MARINE.

The ship Florence which has been wind-bound in Esquimalt harbor for several days, sailed this morning for San Francisco.

The Pilot went up to Nanaimo to-day.

It is believed that the people of Achill Island, Mayo, Ireland will repel the sheriff should he proceed with ejectment writs in that locality. They are watching for his advent night and day. The people of the Island are reported to be extremely poor. Glenbeigh witnessed the last of a series of ejections yesterday.

A winter school of herring struck Eastport, Me., on Friday. It is reported that 200 English boats and vessels are fishing on that shore. The Dominion cruiser, Gen. Middleton, is patrolling near Eastport and at St. Andrews, N. B., ready to seize any American fishermen venturing beyond the dead line.

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Domestic Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only 50c. per year; bound to sell. The publishers are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for 25c. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 60 days only. Address
ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager,
jan 1 D&W STANSTEAD, P. Q.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

The House was occupied during the session of Friday in hammering out to an invisible thinness the document spoken of by courtesy as the "speech from the throne." Mr. DUNSMUIR, who held the fort when hostilities ceased on Thursday evening, was not in attendance when the orders of the day were called, and the expectant occupants of the galleries, who assembled in considerable force to listen to the rodomontade of the self-constituted autocrat of the House, were consequently disappointed.

Mr. TURNER spoke briefly, confining himself to the prohibitory local freight tariff in force on the Canadian Pacific Railway. Speaking as a merchant, he described the espionage to which business messages were subjected by the railway authorities, who now controlled the telegraph wires. The third member for Victoria city indicated a capacity for legislation, and may prove a useful member of the House if his party affinities are kept in subjection to an honest desire to do right. His vote on the amendment to the fifth clause of the address will put professions to the proof.

The Provincial Secretary was discursive and monotonous. Mr. LADNER's *expose* of his disgraceful electioneering tactics in New Westminster district could not be permitted to pass unnoticed, and in his exculpatory remarks Mr. ROBSON practically pleaded guilty to the charge of purchasing votes by promising large bribes of money for road construction. "By a curious combination of circumstances," said he, with unblushing effrontery, "I visited my constituents to consult with them in regard to their money requirements, and at the same time to secure my re-election, but I never promised them anything." And as he tacitly confessed his crime, the brazen briber forced back by an effort the "blush of an ingenuous shame" with which a guilty conscience was about to suffuse his adamantine cheek.

Mr. BOLE's scorification of the Provincial Secretary was the event of the sitting. The member for New Westminster city, with cutting sarcasm, related the story of the Newfoundland fishermen, who having been invited to our shores were driven from pillar to post by our beneficent government and are now about to leave the province. The chastisement was appreciated by the government supporters, and the result demonstrated that even a rhinoceros may be made to wince when the vulnerable point is touched.

Mr. HIGGINS, who really represents birds of passage, but nominally sits for Esquimalt, declared himself in favor of a forfeiture of the railway company's bond and opposed to extortionate freight charges. Nevertheless he would vote in opposition to Mr. BEAVEN's motion protesting against prohibitive freight charges. Mr. HIGGINS' distinguishing characteristic is a marvellous facility for running with the hare and hunting with the hounds.

Attorney-General DAVIE, unfortunately for his reputation, proclaimed the astounding doctrine that the leader of the Opposition was equally responsible with the government for the mistakes of the latter. Mr. ROBERT DUNSMUIR, whose knowledge of constitutional law and the relations of parties to the state is perhaps as meagre as that of the bright looking house messenger, would not, in the plenitude of his ignorance, be guilty of such an egregious blunder.

Mr. Speaker, thus far, has held the scales evenly balanced. He has, we are inclined to think, the disposition and the courage to be strictly impartial.

OUR COALING STATIONS.

Sir HENRY BESSEMER, in a letter to the London *Times* on the defence of British coaling stations, refers to the great cost of armor plates as at present manufactured, and says: How I propose to entirely avoid this great expenditure of time and money so unavoidable in the production of ordinary armor plates by simple casting *in situ* the whole face of a fort or complete turret in one solid piece of steel, with all its ports and loopholes properly shaded and formed in the simple example act of casting. Let us take as a simple example the production of a fort with a curved face of 100 feet in length, 16 feet high, and three feet in thickness. Such a plate would be moulded after the manner practised in ordinary iron foundries—that is, with brick walls held together with iron binders, and internally lined with fire-clay. Alongside this mould would be placed the melting cupolas and four fixed twenty-ton BESSEMER converters, each capable of turning out 18 charges per day of 24 hours, thus delivering into the mould one ton of molten steel per minute. At this rate of work the mould would be filled in 16 hours, and produce a single plate weighing 900 tons, requiring no backing or superstructure for its support, and no expensive fitting together of separate parts, and having all its ports and loopholes formed in the required position by the act of casting. It will be observed that the static pressure in the mould tending to burst it open would in this system of slowly filling the moulds be extremely small, owing to the fact that the metal will solidify at the lower part leaving only half a foot or so fluid at the upper part. It will be equally obvious that it will be quite impossible to destroy such masses of steel as could be produced by this method by any existing artillery, while the price which such castings would cost at present would be very small.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

First Session of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

Continuation of the Debate on the Lieut.-Gov.'s Speech.

THIRD DAY—CONTINUED.

FRIDAY, Jan. 28.

Mr. Bole rose to explain—The Hon. Provincial Secretary, as usual, could not conduct a debate without making statements which were impertinent, untrue and uncalled for. He had the audacity to refer with self-congratulation to the way in which the fishermen were treated, and attempted to make out that the land on North Arm was sought by a land-grabber who was a client of mine. Now that the Secretary introduced the matter he would tell the House the true history of the transaction. The land was reserved, and Mr. Robson first promised it to Mr. Hugh Boyd, a well-known farmer and citizen, and then he promised it to Mr. Mullyan, and between times he seems to have promised it to the fishermen, whom he refused to allow to settle at English Bay, in the proximity of the Secretary's land, because the land was too valuable, the old reason which that statesman gave for ejecting the squatters. When the reserve expired, Mr. Jaynes, who was a respectable young citizen of New Westminster, who worked hard to make an honest living, and was in no sense a land grabber, applied at the government land office, New Westminster, and tendered the money to buy this land, namely: Section 4, block 4 north, range 7 west, but the agent declined to receive the money. Thereupon Mr. Jaques consulted him (Mr. Bole) who went with him to the office, again tendered the money, which the agent refused and would give no reason for his action in so doing. He (the speaker) then wired to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, who gave no satisfaction, and finally as the outcome of the whole affairs the Commissioner wanted to put the land up at public auction, but never a word of the fishermen for whom Mr. Robson has so lately conceived a warm affection, and now a petition of right is pending. Mr. Robson had the bad taste to refer to those who invested money at Port Moody, but Port Moody was not quenched yet, notwithstanding his efforts. He (Mr. Bole) very much regretted that the Provincial Secretary had referred to the election, as all that has been said about his making promises is only too true. The conduct of the secretary was outrageous. It was also to be regretted that the secretary did not imitate the Attorney-General in being dignified and courteous. The hon. member for New Westminster city, in a telling speech, gave the Provincial Secretary a castigation it is hoped will teach him the wisdom of better manners in future. (Applause.)

Mr. Ladner was proceeding to point out the methods adopted by the Provincial Secretary to secure his election, when he was reminded by the Speaker that only an explanation was in order, as he had already spoken. Mr. Ladner promised to revert to the subject again.

Mr. Mason endorsed the views condemnatory of the C. P. R., which had been expressed by previous speakers, and to illustrate the exorbitant charges stated that a ton of salt had cost him for transportation to Barkerville from Victoria, $250, whereas in bull-team days he had it brought in for $140. He approved of the policy of the government in respect to the proposed Cariboo railway, but he thought no bonus should be given for chlorination works until it was demonstrated that the ores of Cariboo could be profitably worked by that process. He was agreeably surprised to learn that the yield of gold was 25 per cent. larger than in the previous year, knowing that the output from Cariboo was less. An injustice had been done to Cariboo by closing the assay office, and he trusted to see it re-established at an early day, as miners were now put to a heavy expense when assays were wanted.

Hon. Mr. Robson explained that the Cariboo assay office had been closed because it was impossible to retain the old or procure a new assayer.

Mr. Semlin said before the discussion closed he wished to trespass upon the time of the House for a few moments, and briefly touched upon a few subjects mentioned in the address and to draw ministerial attention to some subjects which might profitably have been referred to by the ministry. The government had frequently, from this side of the House, been reminded that either it did not understand or purposely disregarded the usages of responsible government, and for this reason, that instead of propounding a policy and submitting it to the House for approval, and being prepared to stand or fall by it, they depended upon the House to devise a policy for them. The address is a sample of this want of policy. It indicates nothing. A reference to a reform in the Supreme Court is about all that we can glean from it. Now, there are many subjects for grave consideration, which were worthy the attention of the administration, and upon which this House would have been glad to have had information. Among others is the present constitution of the cabinet. Last session when this question was under discussion the opposition wanted to know whether the cabinet had been increased because it found itself incapable in its councils, or in the work of the departments, and the answer was that the business of the country had so increased that the ministers were unable to properly attend to the duties of the departments. Now, we find that the government meets the House with three ministers; he (Mr. Semlin) hoped the business of the country has not so fallen off that three can do now what it required four to do last year, for if this is the case then what becomes of our boasted prosperity? The Provincial Secretary seems to have had a lively time at the late election, and if reports are true it seems that he is ignorant of our election regulation act, which clearly provides against any attempt at bribery by the promise of a consideration for voting for the canvasser, no matter whether such inducement was held out by the candidate or his agent. That hon. gentleman is reported to have told the electors that there was on hand in the treasury $100,000 of the dry dock money to be expended upon the mainland. It must be borne in mind that this dry dock money is a sore subject on the mainland; that the people think they have been cheated in this matter; and the Provincial Secretary, to allay that excitement until after the election, seems to have attempted the extraordinary feat of convincing the electors that a depleted and exhausted treasury was stuffed full of dry dock money, and that if they voted right they would get it. Now, what was the true position of the financial affairs at the time of the election? Why, as long ago as last February the public accounts committee submitted its first report and declared every dollar of the dry dock money expended, and an indebtedness of $140,000 incurred, which could not be paid off from the estimated revenue without crippling the necessary works of the year. It is also singularly strange that at the very time the Provincial Secretary was making these statements to the people, the public accounts showed an overdraft at the bank of $174,000. Who is right? If the Provincial Secretary, then the ex-Minister of Finance and the public accounts committee were wrong. If the committee and the public accounts were correct, then the Provincial Secretary was, as usual, wrong. Among the other questions is that of the rates charged on the Canadian Pacific Railway. What do the government say of these; simply to declare that such rates are almost prohibitive. What good does this declaration do the people? The government had an opportunity of bringing this matter up when it persuaded the C. P. R. to bring its line down from Port Moody to Coal Harbor, and when to enhance the value of property at the latter town it gave a valuable tract of land, estimated by the Provincial Secretary as worth several millions of dollars, to bring the road down to where the Provincial Secretary now admits it was inevitable that it must come. It will be remembered that that is just what this side of the House always contended, that the company, in its own interest, would construct the road, and that therefore it was throwing away just so much of the public domain to give a free grant to the C. P. R. Yet while this matter was up, this government had the chance of protecting the interests of the people, if it had then urged upon the C. P. R. that it should give fair rates to the people of this country; but they only looked to increase the value of their lots at Vancouver, and were satisfied. Another subject which the government should take up was the exchange of lands near the eastern boundary of our province for the lands contained in the railway belt. He did not propose that an equal acreage be given, but an acreage of equal value, and thus eliminate a foreign territory from stretching for hundred of miles through the heart of the country. In reference to the manner of commemorating the jubilee year of our Most Gracious Sovereign, if it is concluded to mark that event, it will most accord with the wishes of that illustrious sovereign, considering her well known charity and wish to serve the poor and infirm, that we endow an hospital, to be known as the Jubilee Hospital, and thus show our appreciation of the mild and charitable character of our beloved Queen. (Applause.)

Continued on 3rd page.

SULLIVAN KNOCKED OUT.

The Pugilist Breaks His Arm and it Requires to be Re-set.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, arrived this afternoon to get the best surgical opinion as to his broken arm. He went to the office of Dr. Sayre who, after an examination of the wounded member, said that it had been set with the palm downward instead of the reverse, and, while the fighter conversed with his friends, the doctor, by a furtive glance observed Sullivan's preoccupation, and placing his left hand on Sullivan's forearm, and the right upon his wrist, he gave the arm a sudden wrench, which broke the bones a second time. Sullivan bounded from his reclining position with a sharp cry of pain, and sank back upon the cushions in a dead fainting spell. Salts and other vivifying applications soon brought him back to consciousness, and he found his left hand lying palm upwards, as Dr. Sayre says it should do. But the fighter was knocked out and became farther wearied by fruitless retchings. He was straightened out after a while, however, and his arm was bound in felt wadding and finally set in plaster of paris. Dr. Sayre says it will be all right four weeks hence, and will be as strong as ever.

Bolts and Bars vs. Love.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 27.—Theda Stubil's adventures in the matrimonial line bid fair to outdo the romantic Spies love scrape. Theda is 19, beautiful, excellent American and European education; and, while her parents, French-Swiss people, are very rich, they are ignorant. Theda a year ago opened up a correspondence in response to a matrimonial advertisement, and became engaged to a New Yorker whom she had never seen. She went there to marry, without the knowledge of her parents. The would-be husband was an ex-convict and horribly ugly. Theda came away in disgust, followed by the man, and she claiming the protection of a railroad man; in turn, he fell in love with her and she consented to marry him. Her parents went to Europe a few months ago to receive an additional fortune that had been left them, and Theda's lovers grew many and importunate. The old folks returning, locked Theda in a room to compel her to marry the man of her choice. This was at Rollins, near here, and on Sunday night Theda leaped from the second story into the deep snow and fled in her shoeless feet, and, when almost frozen, applied to a farm house for shelter. Thence she went to Adrian, where her parents had her arrested, but the prosecuting attorney refused to prosecute, and sheltered the heroine in his family residence. The girl is a prospective heir to $80,000.

The Seized Sealers.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—In the matter of the seizure of the British schooners engaged in the illegal capture of seals by the revenue cutter Corwin last August, Secretary Bayard has determined that this government will not claim jurisdiction over the waters of Behring Sea to the extent of the terms of the treaty between Russia and the United States, ceding Alaska. It is understood that the Secretary claims he will be able in return, however, to obtain from the British and all other governments in the future stipulations for the absolute protection to the seal fisheries of Alaska.

Treasurer Jordan Will Resign.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Mr. Jordan, Treasurer of the United States, will relinquish his present office on May 1st in order to accept another office, probably the Presidency of the Western National Bank of New York, now in process of organization, and which will be fully established by that date. Mr. Jordan has not yet formally resigned but expects to do so shortly after the adjournment of Congress.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

Opening of the Imperial Parliament on Thursday.

Full Text of the Speech From the Throne.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Parliament was opened to-day. Following is the Queen's speech:

My Lords and Gentlemen:—My relations with all foreign powers are friendly. Affairs in southeastern Europe are still unsettled, but we do not apprehend that any disturbance of the European peace will result from the unadjusted controversy which has arisen in that region.

While deploring the events which compelled Prince Alexander to retire from the Bulgarian throne, I have not judged it expedient to interfere in the proceedings for the election of his successor until they reach a stage at which my assent is required.

By the Berlin treaty the task undertaken by my government in Egypt has not been accomplished, but a substantial advance has been made toward the assurance of external and internal tranquility. The operations in Burmah have been conducted with bravery and with skill for the purpose of exterminating the brigandage which has become, during the recent years of misgovernment in that country, so notorious. The bands of marauders by whom upper Burmah has long been infested, have been dispersed. Many of the leaders have laid down their arms, and I entertain a confident hope that the general pacification of the country will be effected during the present session.

Commercial treaties have been concluded with Greece and Roumania. Gentlemen of the House of Commons, estimates will be submitted to you framed with careful regard to the economy and efficiency of the public service.

My Lords and Gentlemen: The condition of Ireland still requires your anxious attention. Grave crimes in that country have happily been rarer in the last few months than during the similar period of preceding years, but the relations between the owner and the occupiers of land, which in the early autumn exhibited signs of improvement, have since been seriously disturbed in some districts by organized attempts to incite the latter class to combine against their legal obligations. Efforts of the government to cope with this evil have been seriously impeded with the difficulties incident to the method at present prescribed by statute for dealing with such offences.

Your early attention will be called to proposals for reform in legal procedure, which seem necessary to secure the prompt and efficient administration of the criminal law.

Since I last addressed you, your commissioners directed to inquire into certain objects of great importance to the material welfare of Ireland have been actively prosecuting their labors. The report of the commissioners on the operation of recent acts dealing with the tenure and purchase of land, will shortly be laid before you, and will doubtless receive from you the early and careful attention which the serious importance of the subject demands. Bills for the improvement of the local government in England and Scotland will be laid before you. Should circumstances render it possible, they will be followed by measures dealing with the same subject in Ireland.

A bill for improving and cheapening the process of private bill legislation for England, Scotland and Ireland will be submitted.

You will be asked to consider measures having for their object the removal of hindrances which exist to the cheap and rapid transfer of and to facilitate the provisions of allotments for small householders, and to provide for the readier sale of Glebe lands.

The commission which was issued in 1885 to inquire into the lamentable depression under which trade and agriculture has been suffering for many years, have presented a valuable report, which, with the important evidence collected, will be laid before you.

The bill for altering the mode of levying tithes in England and Wales will be submitted with regard to Scotland.

You will be asked to consider a measure for the reform of universities, for completing recent legislation as to the powers of the Secretary for Scotland, and for amending the mode of procedure of criminal courts.

Measures dealing with the regulation of railway rates, and preventing the fraudulent use of merchandise marks will be brought under your consideration.

In the performance of these and all your other momentous duties I earnestly pray that the blessing of Almighty God may attend your labors.

Fisheries Dispute.

In the Imperial parliament on Friday afternoon, Sir James Ferguson, parliamentary secretary for foreign affairs, in answer to a question regarding the dispute between the United States and Great Britain on the fisheries question, said the government had been conferring with the government of the United States on the question. He said the interests were valuable and the government had followed the policy concerning them which had been adopted by preceding governments, and would maintain the rights of the colonists with every desire to conciliate the United States. The government was unable at present to narrate the whole course of the negotiations with the United States, but would state that a dispatch had been received which was of a pacific character, and afforded material grounds for hope of a final settlement of the dispute.

United States Minister Phelps had a serious conference with Salisbury to-day, at the premier's request, to discuss the Canadian fisheries question. The conference was most cordial on both sides. Salisbury expressed himself gratified at the general tone of the American people in the dispute, and he assured Phelps that England and Canada were equally desirous of an amicable adjustment of the whole case.

Goschen Defeated.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The official count of the vote in yesterday's parliamentary election on the Exchange division of Liverpool, shows that Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was defeated by just 7 votes.

It is stated that the fatal panic in the Spitalsfield theatre, London, on the 19th inst., was caused by the action of the secretary of a rival club.

Germany has arranged to erect barracks at various points on the French frontier.

LONDON EXCITED.

The Stock Exchange and Money Markets Alarmed.

(Special to THE TIMES via the Puget Sound Telegraph Company's Line.)

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The Stock Exchange opened weak with a tremendous war scare and sold a large amount of stocks, about 75,000 shares in the aggregate, as the result. Then there was a decline ranging from 1 to 5 per cent, and almost a sharp rally immediately afterwards, when a conclusion was reached that the scare was groundless and was due in a large measure to the speculative manipulation, partly from this side. The prominent feature of the market has been a manifestation of hesitancy on the part of the side of the public on railroad bonds, which show a comparatively small advance outside of the Texas Pacific, the Erie, the West Shore, the Oregon, Canada Southern, Denver & Rio Grande and North Denver & Hocking Valley. The government bonds missed within a narrow range of the quotations, which on the whole were steady to firm. The condition of the market now is such that it responds readily to a demand for, and supply of, any considerable amounts.

Foreign exchanges were strong almost throughout. The demand has been more than usually important.

The money market, on the other hand, was in an easier condition than for some time past.

Very little business in call loans was done above 5 per cent., and as the day wore along 4 per cent. became the general rate, with a few exceptions down to 2 per cent.

Churchill's Resignation.

The interest of the House centered in the letter in which Lord Salisbury accepted Lord Randolph's resignation. It was dated 22d of December. In it Lord Salisbury said: "The outlook on the continent is so very black that it is not too much to say that the chances are in favor of war at an early day. When once it breaks out, we will not be secured from being involved. Therefore we cannot accept the responsibility of refusing supplies which the war and navy ministers declare necessary."

Imperial Parliament.

After the Queen's speech had been read the Parnellites discussed the advisability of offering an amendment. The Right Hon. W. H. Smith as leader of the House made some motions. Mr. Gladstone delivered a characteristic speech. He was followed by Lord Randolph Churchill in a hesitating and disappointing speech.

The Pope and Father McGlynn.

ROME, Jan. 28.—It is expected that as a result of the McGlynn affair, the Pope will address an encyclical letter to the Catholics of America on the attitude of Catholicism to the rising tide of democracy.

Serious Floods in Queensland.

BRISBANE, Australia, Jan. 28.—Serious floods have occurred in Southern Queensland. Fifty-eight persons were drowned.

THE COAL STRIKE.

20,000 Coal-Pushers Out for Their Rights.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Twenty thousand men are now on a strike among the coal shovellers, 'longshoremen, freight handlers and men employed on the river front in almost every capacity, and the number is augmented to be close on the 40,000 by the strikers on the Brooklyn and Jersey shores. In consequence it is almost impossible for any of the steamers for Europe or coast-wise to leave port. An order went forth yesterday from the headquarters of the 'Longshoremen's Union, which was backed by the Knights of Labor Assembly No. 49, and this morning the men turned out. Beach walkers were sent out to cover all the various points on the river fronts where the trouble was concentrated, and they had particular instructions to use every means to prevent any disturbance.

The Old Dominion line has got a few men working, and at the headquarters of the strikers it was reported at noon that a number of green hands, who were taken on Monday had joined the strikers. One delegate from the North river front stated that not a single steamer had been able to take in its regular supply of coal, and consequently would not be able to sail on the day appointed at the Cunard dock. The Gallia could not be discharged because a majority of the piece men turned out. There are a number of men working by the month for this company, and they may turn out at any moment. The next move will be to get engineers on tug boats to refuse to burn the coal or tow it, and other organizations who are dependent on coal supply will be compelled to quit work.

The ferry boats are seriously inconvenienced on account of the lack of coal, and one time had out grocery and other wagons bringing coal from small yards, but when they came round so often dealers refused to sell. The steamboat squad is scattered along the river front, where the men and companies are in open conflict, but no disturbance had occurred up to noon.

The White Star steamship Brittanic, which was to have sailed hence for Liverpool to-day, has been delayed, owing to inability to obtain her supply of coal, and her departure is announced for Friday at 7 o'clock.

MR. HUMPHREYS' CONVICTION.

To THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me through your valuable paper to inform my friends that, as soon as I have completed arrangements for committee work, I shall call two or three public meetings, at which I will endeavor to show the urgency and importance of using their best judgment in selecting men to represent this province at Ottawa. I merely express a profound conviction, which must be obvious to all thinking men, that the probability of an explosion or impending national crisis is, unfortunately, most imminent. I have no desire to trespass or to enlarge on this question, because this is not the time or place to do so. But danger lies directly in our way and may be seen by any man without much study or reflection.

T. B. HUMPHREYS.

The Arbitrators.

Messrs. James Laidlaw, John Trutch and E. V. Bodwell are the arbitrators to determine the value of lands required for the C. P. R. extension to Vancouver. They began taking evidence on Wednesday.

Gosnell's Sugar-Cured Hams are now ready at his store, corner Cormorant and Douglas streets.

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY LEGAL AFTERNOON,

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Lim'td.

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS:

Delivered by Carriers in any part of the city, by the week, for	25 cts
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Mailed to and part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, daily, per annum	10 00

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THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, as follows:

One year, postage paid	$2 00
Six months, " "	1 25

Subscription price strictly in advance.

When mailing money, letters should be registered to insure safety.

Address,
THE TIMES P. & P. CO., L'D.,
Victoria, B. C.

Advertising Rates:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than $1.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement: More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents. More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents. More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents. No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2, and accepted only for every day insertion.

Notices inserted amongst City and Province items will be charged 15 cents per line for each insertion for less than one Week; for a period not exceeding two weeks, 75 cents per line, and for one month $1.25.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertising Rates for The Weekly Times:

THE WEEKLY TIMES enjoys the largest circulation in British Columbia, and is therefore an unrivaled advertising medium. Those who have tested the matter will cheerfully endorse this statement. A limited number of advertisements will be inserted at rates which can be ascertained on application at the office.

A special discount will be made to long term advertisers, on both daily and weekly editions.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Jan. 29, 1887.

THE QUESTION OF RECIPROCITY.

Ever since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty existing between the United States and Canada, shortly after the close of the American civil war, a considerable number of Canadians, as well as a few Americans, have been extremely anxious for its renewal. The first treaty—generally believed to be the work of Lord Elgin's matchless diplomacy—proved to be one of great advantage to Canadians, for its provisions gave the farmers of Canada the United States as a market for their products. Many of our readers will remember the demand that existed for live stock and all classes of farm produce during the American war, and the consequent "good times" that prevailed in the eastern section of the Dominion. That period was previous to the Confederation era. In 1866 Sir Alex. Galt, then a cabinet minister under the Macdonald-Brown coalition government was deputed to visit Washington with the view of arranging the basis for a new treaty. He did not succeed, however. In 1874 the late Hon. Geo. Brown was delegated with almost plenary powers in the framing of a treaty between the two countries. Mr. Brown had upheld the cause of the North in the civil conflict. With the President—Gen. Grant—and his cabinet, as well as the leading Republicans, he was popular and generally believed to be the only man in the Dominion not only capable but likely to succeed in the undertaking. Throughout the North the leading press day after day published statistical information revealing the benefits the previous treaty was supposed to have conferred on that country. With one or two exceptions the Republican journals favored a treaty as did also the Democratic ones. The basis of a treaty between Lord Lyons and Mr. Brown on one hand and the Treasury Department of the United States, was agreed upon and the list of articles to be embraced in the treaty were enumerated. By the Liberals of Canada and many unprejudiced Conservatives, the prospect of a renewal of the treaty was hailed with delight. The Mackenzie government was then in the zenith of its power and glory. A refractory faction in the Conservative camp, fearing the effects, politically, the success of securing reciprocity for the country would have began, to battle vigorously against its ratification as submitted in skeleton form by Mr. Brown. All sorts of dire calamities, it was asserted, would result from the treaty in that shape if it became law. Delay was counselled and undue haste deprecated. At most the Americans in a year or two would be knocking at Canada's door for another treaty, and one move favorable to Canada's interests could then be framed as "we had them where they could not help themselves." That was about thirteen years ago; the prospects to-day being that we are further remote from the possibility of a new treaty than ever.

The Liberals are as persistent as they ever were for a treaty. A resolution favoring reciprocity, moved by Mr. Davies, of Prince Edward Island, during the session of 1884, was voted down by the solid vote of the Conservatives, Messrs. Baker and Shakespeare, of this city, as well as all the B. C. members, voting "solid" against so desirable a measure. To-day it is a part of Mr. Blake's platform; the whole Liberal press and party oppose all sorts of objections and obstacles to it. This is what the Toronto *Mail* said, speaking for Sir John and the government on June 2nd, 1884:

"Canada has done quite enough—all that she can and will, for the present, do—in the affair of reciprocity. Any proposition that the United States may have to make will, of course be entertained. We do not look for an early precipitation of negotiations, and we believe that *the people of Canada at present want* NOTHING SO LITTLE AS THEY WANT RECIPROCITY.

* * * * * * *

"We are not fond of offering advice to governments, for we do not think that governments should be dictated to by the press. But we advise [illegible] The advocacy of reciprocity is just now confined to three classes of persons: 1st, those Americans who want our markets; 2nd, those Canadians who hate the national policy and the federation; 3rd, those who wish for annexation. In our opinion these classes are very imperfect exponents of Canadian national or commercial feeling. *They come to us asking tribute and national humiliation.* OUR ADVICE IS TO THROW THEM INTO THE WELL."

Since then, however, a change has come over the spirit of the dreamers in the Conservative ranks. Many of these, regardless of their party leaders and the many others who are afraid of undue competition, have thrown themselves heartily into the agitation with the Liberals in their advocacy of the measure. Coal, lumber, fish, and other products of the country would be admitted free of duty into the United States and our market in turn would be thrown open to the Americans in much that we do not produce ourselves. Its passage would indeed be a red letter day for British Columbia's resources.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY.

In the pending contest observes the Toronto *World* (Conservative) Mr Blake must either make a spoon or spoil a horn. With him it is a case of make or break. As one of his followers has said: "What we require is a leader who wins, as Mowat does." Mr. Mowat's phenomenal success as a winner long since excited admiration upon one side and envy upon the other, while Mr. Blake's failures to win have been conspicuous by their frequency. He has never won anything that can be called a considerable victory ever since the day he ousted John Sandfield Macdonald from the premiership of Ontario. He was not in the country when his party was scattered to the winds in 1878, but he necessarily shared in the consequences of that defeat, even to the extent of losing his own seat for South Bruce. He was badly beaten in 1882, his personal return for West Durham having been a matter of course. In the present contest Mr. Blake possesses adventitious aids such as he never enjoyed before, since he confronted John Sandfield with the Scott and railway cries. The Repealers of Nova Scotia, the Home Rulers and Rielites of New Brunswick, the Orangemen of Prince Edward Island, the Rielites of Quebec, the Catholic vote of Ontario—most of it at least—are all within his reach. To be beaten again under such circumstances would be to be beaten indeed. We are now dicussing the cost of victory under such circumstances, that will take care of itself should a victory be achieved. At this juncture defeat would mean to Sir John the winding up of a long and heavy account with a country which is still his debtor. To Mr. Blake it would signify that he had missed his chance and must make way for Mr. Mowat, the man who wins victories. It is now or never with the leader of the Federal Opposition, and now and forever with the leader of the Federal government.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

During the past year the failures in the Province of Manitoba showed a total of liabilities of $216,776, the assets being estimated at $166,960.

The amount to the credit of depositors in the Postoffice Savings' Bank at the end of December was $18,025,205 against $15,802,815, an increase of $2,222,390 from November.

The imports of specie at New York for the past week were $480,130 and the exports for the same time $353,545, making the net imports $126,585, against $2,038,207 the preceding week.

In the state prison at Auburn, N. Y., the prisoners have been keep in idleness to such an extent during the last year, owing to the failure of the Legislature to provide for their empayment, that there is a deficit of $80,000.

Newfoundland has long prided herself upon being the oldest Colony under the British crown. As far back as 1623 it was settled, and possessed a system of responsible government at a time when other colonies had little thought of any such sign of progress. Seeing, therefore, their undoubted right to the title, Newfoundlanders have just cause of complaint against Miss Gordon-Cumming, who in the current issue of *Macmillan's Magazine* heads an article on "Bombay" with the words "Our Oldest Colony." As a matter of fact Bombay is not a colony at all, but merely one part of the British dependency of India. But even were it a colony, Newfoundland would still be justified in looking upon herself as the earliest Colonial possession of the British crown.

The Toronto *News* rises to make the following remarks anent the recent confessions of the *Mail*. It says several of our Grit contemporaries are moralizing or making fun, according to their dispositions, over the *Mail's* remarkably candid admission that during its career as a party paper it has made statements concerning leading Grits which were unfounded. It would show a better spirit on the part of these censorous journals if they were to give the late organ credit for its straightforwardness in admitting what every politician and journalist knows to be a fact, that organship involves continual and persistent falsification in all its forms; that the patizan journalist must suppress the truth, garble the expressions of opponents, impute dishonorable motives to them, and not unfrequently indulge in downright unmitigated lying. It is possible, of course, that the Mail may not reform its tactics, but its case is certainly more hopeful than that of those who have been equal offenders against truth and justice, who persist in denying that they have ever been guilty. By confessing its former offences, the Mail has at least taken a long step towards reformation. We fear some of its critics will never follow it even thus far.

Dominion Elections.

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen:

The singular, and at the same time fortunate, absence of grave political issues, other than the usual party feeling, generated by a feverish desire for change, makes it rather perplexing to a candidate for your suffrage to present a review of opinions in what newspaper men dignify as a manifesto. All I shall attempt to do at present is to offer a few desultory remarks, and trust to your indulgence, and I hope a more satisfactory discussion at a series of public meetings.

The main, and, in fact, the only active question at issue, as I gather from Conservative leaders, seem to be involved in works and expenditures, and denounced by the Liberals as extravagance and "boodlism." The application of this last Attic word is almost universal.

It is important, however, to remember that to condemn disbursements in the aggregate, without careful investigation as to particulars, is a very cheap and sordid method of dealing with economies and expenditures, however legitimate, and we are only fulfilling an imperative duty when we require the assailants of Sir John Macdonald's policy to show how efficiency in the great works achieved by Sir John's government could have been secured by a smaller expenditure.

That large sums have been lost through mismanagement I think goes without question. But loss and mismanagement in public departments appears to be chronic and common to all forms of government and has afforded sinister and perpetual opportunities to both honest and unscrupulous politicians for popular and unceasing attack. I think, however, it will be found wise in practice to carefully husband the finances of the country so as to preclude their being dissipated by possible mismanagement in the future. Situated, as we are, remote from the base of operations and esoteric wire-pulling, we have not received a fair share of the large annual appropriations destined for provincial improvements.

Now, whether this is the result of neglect or the inability of our members to make the Dominion government understand our claims and necessities, I am not in a position to determine. But of this I am certain, that political illiteracy is quite as disastrous to a country as some other forms of incompetency. Common sense and experience teaches us that we are as likely to sink an iron-clad with pea-shooters or obtain cannon balls from cabbage seed as to expect favors from astute statesmen by crude and unskillful effort.

There is not a province in the Dominion in which appropriations are more needed or where they would produce more immediate and permanent results alike to the Dominion as to ourselves.

If you honor me with your confidence it shall be my endeavor so to represent your interests to the federal authorities as to assure that attention and friendly consideration which, from our position and inexhaustible resources, we ought to be able to command.

I am, gentlemen, with sincere respect,
Yours, very truly,
T. R. HUMPHREYS.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

Gentlemen,—

I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the ensuing Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose wise policy has raised the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings wherever I find it possible to do so, of which due notice will be given and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 17th, 1887. jan18dw

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

Gentlemen:

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government those varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,
JAMES FELL.

Victoria, Jan. 19. jan19

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

Gentlemen:—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon (in the course of a few days) as I have brought my official duties as Stipendiary Magistrate to a close and tendered my resignation.

Yours Faithfully,
J. P. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 24th, '87. jan25

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

Gentlemen:—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 24, 1887. jan24

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.
jan 18

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

Gentlemen:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the liberal conservative party.

jan 17 NOAH SHAKESPEARE

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the French Benevolent and Mutual Association, the following gentlemen were elected for the ensuing year, viz:

THOMAS SHOTBOLT	President
L. BRAVERMAN	Vice President
JOHN GEDDES	Secretary
JOHN WENGER	Treasurer

DIRECTORS.
JOHN STEVENS, PETER STEELE, G. H. BROWN.
JOHN GEDDES, Secretary.

Canadian Pac. Railway.

GRAND ICE Carnival Excursion!

—TO—

ST. PAUL,

17th to 28th January;
—AND—

Montreal,

7th to 12th February.

$65

VICTORIA TO ST. PAUL AND RETURN.

$100

VICTORIA TO MONTREAL AND RETURN.

$110

VICTORIA TO MONTREAL and Return, going via St. Paul and Chicago, and returning via C. P. Railway.

Good for Sixty Days.

For dates of sale and full particulars, apply to D. R. MUNRO, Ticket Agent, Wharf street.

D. E. BROWN,
jan13 District Passenger Agent.

HALL & GOEPEL,

Wholesale Merchants,
STORE ST VICTORIA.
(Assignees of the Estate of R. C. JANION.)

Offer for sale, at greatly reduced rates, the following:

Fine Old Cutter Whiskey,
Ale and Stout, quarts,
Red and Green Case Gin.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

WINES & LIQUORS

IN BULK AND CASE.

—Keep also on hand—

Tin and Terne Plate,
Sheet Lead,
Sheet Iron, &c., &c.
dec3

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company (Limited.)

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT.
OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET.
jan21 1m

COAL! COAL!

HALL & GOEPEL,
AGAIN TO THE FRONT WITH
Best Double Screened

WELLINGTON COAL,

Weight guaranteed. Delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

OFFICE:
Government Street,
Next Door to the Telegraph Office.
nov3

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,

Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (not loads).

All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned.
nov27 3m A. C. HOWE.

ISLAND RAILWAY

Cordwood and Timber Yard

RUSSELL'S STATION.

First-Class Cordwood, and full cords guaranteed.

Cedar Posts and Poles for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

ADAM INNES, Agent,
Corner John and Government Streets
Tele [illegible] Call No. 149. jan1

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

City Auction Mart,

CORNER OF JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STREETS.

W. DUFOUR & CO.,

Real Estate and General Auctioneers,

Have now made improvements in their large and spacious premises, and are prepared to receive any class of Goods or Merchandise on Consignment, having the best facilities for disposing of the same. Prompt Returns.

Real Estate, Farm Lands and Farm Stock a Specialty.

jan11 1m W. DUFOUR & CO., Auctioneers.

THE SUN LIFE Assurance Company OF CANADA.

Head Office: 164 St. James Street, Montreal.

Assets	$1,400,000
New Business during 1886	$3,527,000

Don't Travel without an ACCIDENT POLICY in the SUN LIFE.

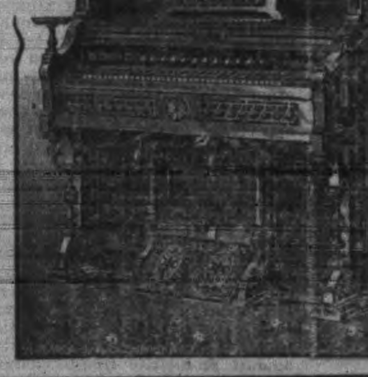
1. The SUN is a Home Company, investing all its funds in Canada, and has thus a special claim on Canadian Assurers.
2. It is a strong and prosperous Company, with large and well invested assets.
3. Its rates are low and its profits to Policy-holders large and equitably divided.
4. *The SUN alone issues an absolutely Unconditional Policy. There is no "ifs" or "provideds" about it. It is short, clear and straightforward. The only condition is the payment of premiums.*
5. *The SUN has not one contested or disputed Claim on its Books.*

J. E. CRANE, General Agent for British Columbia

Office—Room 8, Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.
jan24 eow 6m

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.



Manufactured by W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.,

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority of the **Bell Organ** has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,
Government Street.
sept11

CLOTHING AT COST!

A Genuine Clearance Sale of Clothing AT COST FOR CASH,

Prior to Stock Taking, will take place at

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

Commencing MONDAY January 17th, and Continuing Thirty Days.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.
Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats.
Men's, Youth's and Boys' Pants.

All to be Sold at Cost Price, for Cash, at

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, - - YATES STREET.
jan14

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

Fur Capes and Cuffs for gentlemen; Boys Fancy Overcoats; Fur Capes for men and Boys.

—ALSO—

Tweed Pants, from $2 upwards; Black walking Coats; at $3.50 each. Sack Coat, $3.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $8 per suit. And a full line of

Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.

LEWIS LEWIS,
YATES STREET. no 25-3m

NOTICE.

I have taken the leadership and Management of the

Queen City Quintette Band,

And will furnish first Class Music, for Parties, Hops, Balls, Socials, Theatricals hereafter by the name of Queen City Orchestra.

L. F. H. BAERNSTEIN.
cor. Frank Campbell Jr.
Victoria, B. C. jan 19 1m

MOVED!

—TO—

Yates St., above Douglas.

JOSEPH SEARS,

House and Sign Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger,

AND DEALER IN

Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.

YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS.
dec29

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg

BUTTER,

For sale by
THOS. EARLE.
jan8

BIG DRY GOODS SALE

AT

Brown and White's

Next to Waitt's Book Store,
Government Street,
FOR THE NEXT FEW WEEKS.

A Great Selling Off!

Previous to removal to our more commodious premises at the ALBION HOUSE, where in future our entire business will be concentrated

Our Stock Must Be Reduced
TO MAKE ROOM.

Everything Must Be Marked Down.

A further Reduction of 10 per cent. will be made on all purchases.

The Sale is now on, and will also be held at the ALBION HOUSE.

GIVE US A CALL.

BROWN & WHITE
Government Street.
dec13 1m

COMPLETE REVOLUTION

Monumental Work.

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.

H. G. & R. WALKER,
nov20 D1W 6m Spencer's Arcade

Samuel May & Co.,

TORONTO
Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock at the B. C. Agency.

H. G. & R. WALKER,
Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

SAUSAGE SEASON 1886.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER.

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply the TRADE with the very best sausages of any kind. I make large QUANTITIES of the BEST quality of Fresh Sausages. I use only the best quality of meat, and the finest and most expensive spices that I can procure, and with careful hands and most extensive and complete MACHINERY I am able to supply the trade with a FIRST-CLASS ARTICLE at a moderate price. At the same time I do not pretend to compete with the poor stuff that is offered to the public by others in the trade who have not the facilities, do not use good material, are not clean and not able to make a good article. The good qualities of BARRAN'S SAUSAGES are known throughout the whole Province, and every one should give them a trial.

de18 JULIUS BARRAN.

BROWN'S

Climax Washing Powder.

Awarded First Prize at B. C. Exhibition. Increased sales. REDUCED PRICES.

Large packages, 40c; do. small, 20c

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

W. JACKSON, Jr., Manufacturer's Agent, [illegible] Broad and Johnson streets. no10

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Continued from 1st page.

Mr. Higgins intimated that the modesty of new member would have kept him silent but for the fact that the public expenditure in Esquimalt district had been animadverted upon. It had been said that that district received too much from the government, but he would remind them that by the laxity of a former government a bridge in Sooke had been improperly built, which necessitated an expenditure of several thousand dollars. The same government had also, just prior to the election, sent prospectors into the Metchosin hills. The timber policy of the present government was objected to, and the opinion expressed that the expenses of the government might be paid from the revenues derived from timber lands of property administered. Ontario, he understood, collected over $600,000 from this source. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company was not entitled to any consideration from this House; it had treated the settlers and property owners at Port Moody in a scandalous manner. He would vote for an act to repeal the bargain granting them 6,000 acres of land at English Bay. The bond for $250,000 was also forfeited and should be collected. (Applause.)

The first four clauses of the address were then adopted, and on clause five a discussion arose. The clause reads: "That it is gratifying to us to be informed that our timber, fish and fruit are already finding their way into some of the principal markets east of the mountains, and there seems to us to be no reason for doubting that, with a reduction of transport rates, which at present within the limits of the province are almost prohibitive, the Canadian Pacific railway will fulfil to the utmost, as it is now partially fulfilling, the most sanguine expectations of its advocates and promoters."

Hon. Mr. Beaven said this clause should be amended, so that it would be more in harmony with the views of the House. Every member who had spoken had complained of the prohibitory freight rates of the Canadian Pacific Railway; on that point we all agreed. The railway company, according to its own statements, was not losing money. It was acknowledged, in reports to shareholders, that there was a surplus of $561,000 in 1882-3; $1,191,000 in '83-4; $2,731,000 in '84-5; and $2,865,000 in '85-6, while a still larger surplus was estimated for '86-7, namely, $3,500,000. The stockholders admit receiving ten per cent. on their investments, and there was no excuse that the high rates should be continued. Many of the rich shareholders bought their stock at an immense reduction, and were therefore receiving enormous dividends. The company had been heavily subsidized by the country, and had not only received the road for nothing but had got $20,000,000 as a bonus. Considering these facts the company should not be permitted to charge such exorbitant rates. Money and land grants to the amount of over $100,000,000 had been given to the company, for a road which they admit was built for eighty million dollars. They received, for nothing from the government, completed roads costing $35,-500,000, a cash subsidy of $35,000,000, from sale of lands $12,000,000, and municipal business amounting in all to nearly $83,000,000. They have still on hand 18,000,000 acres of land, which, if sold at $1.25 per acre, would make the total gifts upwards of $100,000,000. The company claim that the right of way, cost of construction and equipment cost less than $80,000,000, so that they thus practically get the road for nothing and a bonus of $20,000,000 for building it. This was the monopoly to which this government bowed down, probably because the Provincial Secretary hoped that his property would be benefitted by the extension to Coal Harbor. They deserved nothing from the province, and should not have received as much as the value of one of their Vancouver lots, for which they asked $1,250. The government must have known what the experience of Ontario and Manitoba had been with this gigantic monopoly, and that it would be prepared to "crush" every person it got in its power. When they came to the government asking for the Coal Harbor grant, the government should then have said to them, "we want to know what your freight and passenger rates should be?" That was the time to protect the people against this high monopoly. Having treated the company with the greatest generosity, we received in return high freight charges and discriminatory passenger rates. Passengers were now being carried from New York to San Francisco over the Canadian Pacific Railway, for a less charge than they carry passengers through the country which had so heavily subsidized their road. Having these facts in mind, and knowing that the views of hon. members were adverse to a continuation of the present outrageous freight charges, he moved that the following words be added to the fifth paragraph of the reply: "We regret that Your Honor's ministers did not stipulate for reasonable freight rates for our products over the company's line when granting large and valuable concessions to the company, as however fully or otherwise the Canadian Pacific railway may be fulfilling the expectations of its advocates and promoters, we consider that the present almost prohibitory provincial rates are detrimental to the mining, agricultural and commercial interests of the province."

Mr. Semlin seconded the amendment, and in a forcible speech pointed out the injustice to the province of the prohibitive tariff. The rates charged in Manitoba during the first year of its operation were not nearly so heavy as those now charged in British Columbia, and yet the people there had protested, and successfully to, against the extortion. The government could have stipulated against the present state of affairs, and made a great mistake in not doing so. The amendment, considering the opinions already expressed, would undoubtedly meet with the approval of the House.

Attorney-General Davie said a worse opportunity could not have been selected by the leader of the opposition to divide the House, for in condemning the government he was censuring himself. If a mistake had been made by the government, the opposition were equally remiss in not pointing out the omission. Their responsibility was equal to that of the government. (Oh, oh.) Freights were unduly high, and a resolution could be passed and forwarded to Ottawa, as had been done when Onderdonk charges were complained of. He raised the point that the amendment was out of order because it questioned a previous vote of the House.

Mr. Bole said if nothing more could be said against the amendment than had been said by the Attorney General it should be passed. It was a new thing to him to hear that the leader of the opposition was responsible for the doings of the government, and he for one protested against being held responsible for acts of a government he had been sent there to oppose. He was glad to hear the member for Esquimalt declare that he was prepared to enter his protest against the grinding monopoly; that gentleman would consequently support the amendment. Last autumn, when in San Francisco, he had been informed by a gentleman that canned fruit was carried for seven dollars a ton from San Francisco to Montreal via the Canadian Pacific Railway; of that sum the Pacific Coast Steamship Company only received $7, so that the railway virtually carried it for nothing. The amendment was not a vote of want of confidence—although he was not brimming over with confidence in the government—but it was simply to render clear and distinct the views of the House. Every member who voted against it voted for prohibitive rates on the railway. (Applause.)

Messrs. Higgins and Davie continued the debate, contending that the amendment was an attempt to defeat the government, and stating that they would vote against it. At six o'clock Mr. Davie moved the adjournment of the debate.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Grant will move, that whereas it has been published in the public newspapers that orders have been sent by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America to San Francisco directing the immediate refitting of cruisers to be dispatched to the waters of Behring sea to prevent vessels owned by private parties being used in killing seals in said waters.

And whereas, certain owners of vessels, citizens of this province and subjects of Her Gracious Majesty the Queen, contemplate during this year proceeding to the waters of Behring sea to kill fur seal.

Therefore, be it resolved, that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor, praying that he will move the Dominion government to represent to the Imperial government the necessity of taking such steps as will protect the rights and liberties of British subjects in the waters of Behring sea.

Mr. Bole will move that an order of the House be granted for copies of all correspondence between W. H. Ladner, M. P. P., James Orr, M. P. P., and W. N. Bole, M. P. P., and the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, respecting the roads between New Westminster and Port Moody and New Westminster and Vancouver.

Mr. Orr will move that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor praying for copies of all orders-in-council and notices of the cancelling of reservations and all correspondence between the Dominion and Provincial Governments in any way relating to the reservation of the lands and townsite of Granville lying to the west of what is known as the north road to Burrard Inlet in the District of New Westminster in the Province of British Columbia.

Mr. Bole will move for copies of all correspondence between James G. Jaques or anyone acting on his behalf, and the honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works and between the government agent at New Westminster and the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works respecting section 4, north range, 7 west, New Westminster district and the petition of right with reference thereto.

Mr. Vernon will move—Whereas it is in the highest degree desirable to promote in every legitimate way the development of our quartz mines; and whereas the class of machinery required for working such mines is not manufactured within the Dominion of Canada; therefore, be it resolved that in the opinion of this House it is desirable that representations should be made to the Federal Government requesting them to exempt from taxation all machinery that may be imported into the province for quartz mining purposes.

NOTICE OF QUESTION.

Mr. Bole—Will ask the Minister of Finance: What amount of taxes have been collected on suburban lands in the city of New Westminster, from Jan. 15, 1873, to 31 Dec., 1886?

Mr. Bole—Will ask the Minister of Finance: What expenditure has been made for roads and bridges, suburban land, New Westminster city, since Jan. 15, 1873?

Mr. Bole—Will ask the hon. the Premier: Is it the intention of the government to take any steps to provide a system of taking down in short-hand and having printed all debates and other proceedings of the House?

Mr. Bole—Will ask: Is it the intention of the government to introduce a bill to amend the law relating to mechanics' liens and providing proper machinery to make the lien rights practically available?

SILHOUETTE.

Flowers oft bloom beyond our reach,
Their beauty comes and goes unseen;
Oft hopes we nurse live, but to teach
How frail the stay on which we lean.
The heart which throbs in pure delight
Will keenest feel the stings of pain,
And souls too long in summer's bright
Will soonest chill in winter rain.

We oft our castles build too high,
Of coming storms, ah, never dream,
'Till all a mass in ruins lie
And hope is stripped of every gleam.
Still about the wreck we cling,
For treasures lost we pine and sigh,
While memory kisses words that sting,
"You build your castle far too high."

—Syms Kay Martin.

THE MAN WITH A HOBBY.

Why the Professional Reformer is Apt to be a Disagreeable Person.

"Why is it that all professional reformers make themselves personally and socially disagreeable and repulsive?" asked the good deacon of a west side church, as he and I were strolling down Madison street this morning. We had just passed a vinegar-visaged individual whose business was that of a redhot reformer. "It is a conundrum you are asking," I replied; "I give it up. But is it a fact that all professional reformers are disagreeable and repulsive, personally and socially?"

"Yes, it is a fact," said the deacon, who is an amiable and philanthropic gentleman and a popular and successful man of business withal; "and I have long been trying to explain it. A reformer is presumably actuated by a good motive—a desire to make people better by mitigating or abolishing the vices or burdens or evil influences by which they are either demoralized or oppressed. This good motive, one would think, should have a tendency to make him good natured and kindly. But I have noted many of the class carefully, and have found that the man with a hobby is invariably an ill natured and ill mannered person. I don't understand it, don't pretend to be able to explain it, and when I asked you the question I did so for information."

A well known lawyer residing on the West side joined us in our walk near the bridge, and I submitted to him the deacon's problem. "I, too," remarked the lawyer, "have noted the fact referred to, and my explanation is that the same cause that originally makes men or women professional reformers operates to make them more and more disagreeable to the generality of people as they grow older and become more devoted to their special hobbies." "What is that cause?" asked the deacon. "It is simply the fact that they make the mistake of believing themselves far better and wiser than all other people, and treat other people accordingly," answered the lawyer, who, as a finality to the conversation, asked: "Did you ever know a self-conceited fool to be either agreeable or popular anywhere, even in his own home and family?" Neither the deacon nor I could make an affirmative answer, and we agreed that the lawyer had a case.—Cor. Chicago Journal.

Why Mrs. Langtry is Liked.

The only British celebrity who doesn't offend society nor toady to it is Mrs. Langtry. She combines in herself the most gracious independence with the most discreet silence. Mrs. Langtry herself is not what you can call a vivacious or brilliant woman. But for all that she has a social charm peculiarly her own. I never met a man who had been in her company half an hour who did not acknowledge her charm without being unable clearly to account for it. She does not, like some professional women, throw herself at you, so to speak. She never gushes, and she doesn't do the mental clinging trick so effective with the "low lidded blondes of Britain."

I think her charm for men is her unaffected manner and her air of wholesome naturalness. Her demeanor, no less than her appearance, is unpainted. You never suspect her conversation or face of powder. She does not build up her entrances or her body. She doesn't overdress her language or her person. This is so unlike an actress that it strikes deep. I had the opportunity to study her one morning at breakfast, and I summed her up as a very sensible, level headed, healthy woman, than which I cannot think of anything more charming.

A well known lady of society not long ago was listening to her praises in a group of gentlemen, and she interposed the remark: "But Mrs. Langtry has no art, you know."

Up went every man's hand and voice, and a simultaneous chorus answered:

"That's why we like her!"—John D'Arme in Omaha Herald.

The Children's Curfew Bell.

The stranger who has observed anything of the street life of San Francisco, in the evening, has not failed to notice the great number of boys and girls at play on the pavements long after seasonable bedtime for children. Nor, if unused to such scenes, has he escaped being pained by the traces of boldness, the beginning of a lack of modesty, manifest in the girls particularly. During the year I have passed in that city, I have often heard the voices of young girls frolicking outside their homes until 10 o'clock at night, and frequently for an hour after I myself had retired. Of the results of such laxity in care and restraint on the part of parents, one need not speak. They are apparent almost before they are produced.

In the lower metropolis, however, I find a different state of things prevailing. There is an almost total absence of Young Americans from the streets after nightfall. I soon missed the loud shouts, sometimes harsh words, or the hearty merriment, to which I had listened all summer long, pealing out in the darkness, or under the fair moonlight. Upon inquiring into the cause of the quiet, I was informed: Children are not allowed to be in the streets long after candlelighting. There is an ordinance preventing that. If any are found wandering abroad without sufficient reason, they are taken in charge by the police. And not long ago the council voted to erect a curfew bell, and to have it rung every evening at 9:30. And then, boys and girls under 15 years of age must be within their homes or find the officers of the law interested in their case.

The tones of the curfew bell have not yet been heard, but the newspapers are asking why they are not, and that shows that the bell must come. Meanwhile parents are wisely keeping their children around the fireside—not in southern California, as a general thing—but around the centertable.—Los Angeles Cor. Cleveland Leader.

Interviewing Col. Bob Ingersoll.

"Bob Ingersoll has a peculiar way of being interviewed," said a reporter. "How is that?" "I will tell you. An expert stenographer travels around with him, all the time, and when a newspaper man seeks an audience with the distinguished orator he is politely referred to the shorthand fellow, who makes a minute of the questions which the reporter desires to fire at the bald headed man. The stenographer then tells the reporter to call around two or three hours later, promising to have the interview transcribed by the time of his arrival. While the reporter is cooling his heels on the corner the stenographer interviews his employer, transcribes his mystic notes, and has the manuscript ready for the reporter before the appointed time."—Chicago Herald.

Didn't Belong to Medicine.

The students at the Detroit College of Medicine the other day engaged in a friendly contest over a small pillow which each one desired to use as a cushion during Dr. Devendorf's lecture. In their frantic efforts to secure the prize the pillow was torn open and the feathers scattered about the room. The professor soon after entered and gazed for a moment in astonishment at the floor. Then he said: "It looks as if some one had been plucked," adding in an undertone, "a branch of study said to pertain exclusively to the law, and not to medicine."—Detroit Tribune.

In some things de biggest fool in de worl' is smarter den er wise man.—Arkansaw Traveler.

The "Upper" Class and Politics.

A successful merchant, well dressed, pompous, self important, unused to any life outside of the counting room and accustomed because of his very success to be treated with deferential regard as one who stands above the common run of humanity, naturally finds it very unpleasant to go to a caucus or primary where he has to stand on an equal footing with his groom and day laborers, and indeed may discover that the latter, thanks to their faculty for combination, are rated higher in the scale of political importance than he is himself. In all the large cities of the north the wealthier, or, as they would prefer to style themselves, the "upper" classes, tend, distinctly toward the bourgeois type; and an individual in the bourgeois stage of development, while honest, industrious and virtuous, is also not inapt to be a miracle of timid and short sighted selfishness. The commercial classes are only too likely to regard everything merely from the standpoint of "Does it pay?" and many a merchant does not take any part in politics because he is shortsighted enough to think that it will pay him better to attend purely to making money, and too selfish to be willing to undergo any trouble for the sake of abstract duty; while the younger men of this type are too much engrossed in their various social pleasures to be willing to give their time to anything else.—Theodore Roosevelt in The Century.

The Pioneer Society Journal.

The London World was the pioneer society journal. It was a pronounced hit, and Labouchere thought it could be much improved on by adopting a severely critical, if not sneering tone, with everything from the queen down, and so started Truth, which pays almost as well as Punch, said to be the most profitable weekly paper in existence. Labouchere invented a new kind of journalism by mixing items of news and editorial remarks together. Of the two papers that of Yates is the more aristocratic, but Truth is very popular, and is eagerly read by the very people it criticises. Many suppose because these paragraphical society papers are written in the first person singular, that the editor indites every article (if the short squibs can be dignified as articles) and hunts up the news himself. Nothing can be farther from the truth. Very often an issue does not contain a line written by the editor. One of these papers may have a dozen editors and 300 correspondents. For an item of news, even if it takes up but three lines, the correspondent who sends it is paid liberally, though of course a good deal is sent in that is never published.—New York Graphic.

Foul Sediment.

All sediment cocks in kitchen boilers should be left open at least once a week for the space of fifteen minutes, so as to clean and wash out all sediment. Oftentimes when complaint is made that the water smells, or that it don't heat properly, the real cause will be found to arise from this neglect alone.—Scientific American.

Care for Bruises.

Rubbing a bruise in sweet oil and then in spirits of turpentine, it is said, will usually prevent the unsightly black and blue spots which not only tell tales, but deform.—Chicago Journal.

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES.
C. W. KNOWLES, Proprietor,
Two Hundred Rooms. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest, corner Front and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. The house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all entirely new in appointments. An Otis Elevator has just been introduced, with a capacity for carrying ten tons weight, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St Charles, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant, in charge of Chas. Holman, is conducted in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the epicure. jan6?

CORBETT & MACLEAY,
IMPORTERS
And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon. jan8 D&W

J. McCRACKEN & CO.,
IMPORTERS.
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 60, 62 and 64 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jan8

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN.
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, DeCosmos' block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Flour and Oatmeal. Island and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. sep30

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN.
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to real estate. Maps showing the various districts on the island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb12

FINANCIAL.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
BANKERS.
Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight drafts and telegraphic transfers on San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

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YORKSHIRE MARKET.
ESTABLISHED 1858.
W. W. EVANS & CO.,
Yates street, between Government and Broad, Beef and Pork Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of goods pertaining to the business. nov27 1y

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L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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C. B. ROBELEE.
CARPENTER, JOINER & CONTRACTOR,
Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Houses built on the Instalment plan. Charges moderate. oct10

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ARCHITECT,
Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box —

JOHN TEAGUE.
ARCHITECT,
Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

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HARRIS & HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. cor. of Government & Fort Sts., up-stairs, Victoria, B. C.

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TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
MERCHANTS.
H. C. BEETON & Co.
36 FINSBURY CIRCUS
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J. FINLAYSON,
GROCER.
Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C. Dealer in fine family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice teas and coffee.

IRON WORKS

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Lm'td.)
HOME INDUSTRY.
Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.
ANDREW GRAY, Manager.
W. F BULLEN, Secretary.

TAXIDERMIST.

H. C. HALPENNY,
TAXIDERMIST.
Heads Mounted, Birds and Animals Stuffed with despatch and at reasonable rates. Johnson street, near Quadra, Victoria. dec2 D&W

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A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shippers supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 126.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,
TRUCK AND DRAYMAN,
Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Sons' Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Aug 3-1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.
A PAYING BUSINESS
In New Westminster, B. C., for sale. Six Bedrooms, well furnished. Dining Room and Furniture, Kitchen, with Range, Cooking Utensils and Table Ware. Price $1200. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Vancouver. july16

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street over Gosnell's grocery store. mar13

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
Langley street, Victoria, B. C. { D. M. EBERTS, W. J. TAYLOR.

Notices.

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co., Limited

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the office of said Company, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C., on MONDAY, the SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, at half-past eleven o'clock, a. m., to receive the report of the Directors, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may then and there be submitted.

The transfer books will be closed between the 25th day of January and the 7th day of February, inclusive.

By order of the Directors.
GEO. A. SARGISON,
Dated 7th Jan., 1887. jan8 Secretary.

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co., Lim'td.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE following described shares in the Capital Stock of the above named Company have been sold at public auction to cover assessment No. 8, with interest and expenses, and that the Certificates therefor have been cancelled, namely—John Bennett, Certificate No. 276, 50 shares; Elizabeth Emma Cooper, 2, 10 shares; Peter Dunnelly, 112, 100 shares; Augustus H. Green, 122, 40 shares and 225, 200 shares; Edith Green, 124, 10 shares; Michael J. Goode, 274, 50 shares and 101, 25 shares; Asbury Insley, 109, 50 shares; Maggie A. Insley, 110, 50 shares; Geo. C. Keays, 60, 100 shares and 269, 100 shares; Loo Chew Fan 554, 200 shares; William McEwan, 115, 20 shares; Thomas Oliver, 58, 20 shares; Guy C. Phinney, 263, 100 shares; Arthur William Reynolds, 1020, 100 shares; Charles Smith, 209, 50 shares; J. Chrystal Smith, 228, 125 shares; J. Spencer Thompson, 1022, 100 shares; John Wilfred Webb 54, 150 shares; and Alexander Wallace, 825, 100 shares.

The public are cautioned not to negotiate any of the above certificates or shares.

GEO. A. SARGISON
Secretary.
Victoria, 12th Jan., 1887. jan 11

Notice is Hereby Given

THAT APPLICATIONS WILL BE MADE TO the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to empower the Trustees of the Victoria Fire Department Charitable Association to realize the assets of such Association, and to distribute the same amongst the members thereof proportionately to their terms of service.

YATES & JAY,
Solicitors for the Trustees.
Dated at Victoria, the 23d day of December, A. D. 1886. de 24-6w

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Lenz upon Government Street and the concern will henceforth be known as "LENZ & LEISER."
Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886 MOSES LENZ.
GUSTAV LEISER.
Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. ISAACS will continue the fur business to the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Marer, Government Street.
S. ISAACS.
N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec 31

Medical Council of British Columbia.

AN EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR admittance to register under the provisions of the British Columbia Medical Act of 1886, will be held in the CITY OF VICTORIA, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of FEBRUARY next. Full particulars will be given by applying to the Registrar.

G. L. MILNE.
jan 8 1m Registrar and Sec'y.

GENERAL
PASSENGER AGENCY.
ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,
To or from Great Britain or the Continent,

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,
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FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital	$2,501,000
Government Deposit	100,000
Reserve	255,000
Income	1,100,000
Assets in Canada	103,638

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D. MARSHALL LANG, General Manager
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Every description of Fire Insurance effected at Lowest Rates.

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and Embalmer.
Langley Street, Victoria.

Empire Brewery.

HENNING PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, is now prepared to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale, Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Main and points will receive prompt attention and a satisfactory article furnished.

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ue10 tf Spring Ridge, Victoria, B. C.

John Meston
CARRIAGE MAKER,
BLACKSMITH, Etc.,

Government street, between Johnson and Pandora Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON
PACIFIC
Business College,
320 POST ST.
SAN FRANCISCO.
LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS
Ladies admitted into all departments.
Send for circular.

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

Is now open for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The equipment of this line is all new and of the highest class. Our Sleeping and Dining Cars are luxurious, and our First and Second Class Coaches marvels of comfort. The Cuisine of our Dining Cars is unequalled; every luxury of the season is served in them.

We run the gamut of the finest scenery in the world—Mountains, Lakes, Streams and Prairie.

Smooth, well ballasted Steel Track. NO DUST. FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

When Going East Purchase TICKETS via Canadian Pac Railway.

MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths, and all information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L'd.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.; or, C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

G. A. CARLETON, Freight Agent.
D. E. MUNRO, Passenger and Ticket Agent.
D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Navigation Co.
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2
Taking effect July 12, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO
Port Moody and Vancouver.
Daily except Monday, at 2 o'clock.
Moodyville and Hastings.
Wednesday and Friday, at 2 o'clock.
Port Moody to Victoria.
Daily except Monday, at 2:30 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria.
Daily except Monday, at 13:30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA
For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island.
Monday at 6 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
Plumper Pass
Friday, at 7 o'clock.
Port Hammond.
Monday at 6 o'clock, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leaves Port Hammond for Victoria.
Monday at 15 o'clock.
Friday at 19 o'clock
Leaves New Westminster for Victoria.
Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass.
Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings
Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places
Monday and Wednesday at 5 o'clock.
Leaves Chilliwhack, 8 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 15 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for
HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,
WITHOUT CHANGE

THE MAGNIFICENT 3000 TON Iron Steamer
MARIPOSA,
February 12th ....at 2 P. M.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.,
327 Market Street, San Francisco,
nov26 California.

PACIFIC
Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for
Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney	Feb. 12
City of Rio de Janeiro	March 5
City of New York	March 24

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 15th, 23d and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.
aug4 San Francisco.

VANCOUVER CITY.

100 Choice City Lots

FOR SALE,

IN SAMUEL GREER'S SUBDIVISION OF Thirty Acres, fronting on English Bay, adjoining the location of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's WORKSHOPS, ROUND HOUSE and Terminal Buildings. This is the most desirable property on English Bay and must increase rapidly in value.

Prices are low and terms so reasonable as to place them within the reach of every one.

Plans of lots, prices and conditions, can be obtained on application to

SAMUEL GREER,
oct6 tf Vancouver.

FOR SALE,
Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of
OATMEAL
In the Province. Also,
A PEARL BARLEY MILL
Together with a SAWMILL, 62-inch Saw. An Oatmeal Miller will find this a rare opportunity.
Apply to
sept21 D. F. ADAMS.

TOWN OF FARWELL.
Lots for Sale.
ALLSOP & MASON.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 160 acres of excellent land about 120 acres on the Flats and under cultivation which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements including self-binder, mowers, etc. The owner also keeps a store and does a very good general business on the place. For further particulars and terms apply to the owner, Eureka Farm, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Fell & Co., Victoria. aug30 D&W

Portland Advertisem'ts.

Dr. SPINNEY
Multnomah Block, opposite Post office,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success as of old, ALL CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Correspondence solicited and prompt attention given thereto. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. june7

OREGON MILLING CO.'S
Royal Flour.
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland. At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

Sold by all leading Grocers.
JOHN WILSON,
Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia.

Awarded First Premium at Oregon State Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.
Awarded First Premium at Portland Mechanics' Fair 1882, 1883, 1884.

Capitol Mills Flour
FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 75 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Redon, the Baker who bought it the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.
Mills—Salem, Oregon.
PORTLAND AGENT:
ALEX. GRANT,
8 Stark street

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Windsor, Bakers' and Mount Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable grocers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.
ISOM. LANNING & CO.
aug 14 tf Proprietors.

The Starr Kidney Pad,
A PERMANENT,
Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints—causing Pain in Small of Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturation, Inability of Retention and Sedimentary Urine, Dropsical Symptoms, etc., denoting the presence in the system of Diseases common to the Urinary Secretive Organs, known as Gravel, Catarrh of the Bladder and passages; Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, etc., etc.

Pamphlets and Testimonials can be obtained from Druggists free.

PRICES.—Child's Pad, $1.50 (cures bed-wetting) Regular Pad, $2.00. Special Pad for Chronic Diseases $3.00.

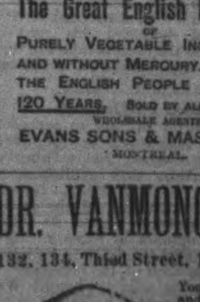
"GOOD BACKING.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co of Toronto are again introducing in this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The inveterate complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease or the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads, which have no equal in the effectual treatment of lame backs and all weakness of the lumbar and genito-urinary organs."—Victoria Colonist, Sept. 11, 1886.

LANGLEY & Co., Wholesale Agents, Victoria, B. C.

Retail by E. Pimbury & Co., Nanaimo, T. Pickard, Denman island; R. B. Richardson, Cowichan; A. R. Johnson & Co., Chemainus; J. McNeely, Ladner's Landing; A. M. Herring and D. S. Curtis & Co., New Westminster; H. McDowell & Co., Vancouver; McCartney & Bro., Kamloops and Vancouver; Clarke & Co., Kamloops; W. R. Megaw, Priest Valley; and Vancouver Drug Co., Vancouver. sept 11

COCKLE'S
ANTIBILIOUS
PILLS.
The Great English Medicine,
OF
PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS, AND WITHOUT MERCURY. USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
EVANS SONS & MASON, LTD.
MONTREAL.

DR. VANMONCISCAR,
132, 134, Third Street, Portland, Or.



Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer with

LOST MANHOOD,

Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediments to Marriage; also, Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture—receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Both Sexes consult confidentially. It is [illegible] dangerous. [illegible] D&W

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Jan. 29, 1887.

DIED.

WILLIAMS—At San Bernardino, Cal., on the 24th inst., Mr. John W. Williams, of Victoria, in the 57th year of his age.
Notice of the funeral in a future issue.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Ice for sale at the Poodle Dog. *

—The Provincial gaol, Topaze avenue, contains 47 prisoners.

—For first-class Canadian butter go to FELL & Co. *

—Money saved by having your plans made by FISHER, the ARCHITECT *

—One hundred and fifty seats are already sold for the first night of the opera.

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. GILMORE'S, Johnson street. *

—The North Pacific arrived here at 1:30 this morning and left again on schedule time.

—A splendid HALL'S burglar proof safe is offered for sale at a bargain. Apply at this office. *

—A number of communications bearing upon election and other matters are held over.

—Photographic views along the line of the C. P. R. in B. C., for sale at R. MAYNARD'S, Douglas St. *

—For Christmas goods FELL & Co. have always carried off the palm, and this year have not only a much larger supply but a greater variety. *

—A beautiful lithograph of the "three little maids from school" may be seen on the corner. The reality may be seen at the Victoria theatre Monday night.

—Christmas is near at hand, and FELL & Co., as they always have, had the first assortment of new fruits, and are now in receipt of a second consignment. *

—An evening paper of this city has joined the noble army of "rats." Failure to pay wages promptly is the cause of that sheet's being ratted by the Typographical Union.

—While Jeannie Winston was displaying her shapely form on the stage as Prince Methusalem, in Astoria, last Monday, some one entered her dressing room and stole her purse containing the sum of $30.

—GOODWIN & JORDAN, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing. FACTORY Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 98; P. O. box 422. *

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—The newest device at eastern charity fairs is for a pretty girl to sell cigars at 50 cents apice, with the ends on. If the pretty girls bite the ends off they are worth one dollar. Generally the dollar cigars are held to be the best.

—The Rithet got as far as Cadboro Bay yesterday, where she remained for calmer weather. She came into port this morning and will leave on her regular trip again on Monday morning at 6 o'clock.

—The only case in the police court today was Francis Alvarez, a Spaniard, charged with being d. and d. A fine of $5 or one week at hard labor was entered against him and the latter he will probably accept.

—FELL & Co. having completed arrangements in the east for the supply of choicest Butter and Cheese from the best dairies, are now in a position to give their customers the full benefit of such arrangements. *

—Seattle butchers have formed a combination and raised the prices of meat. Porterhouse steak has advanced from 15 to 20 cents per pound; mutton 12½ to 15 cents per pound. Scarcity of stock east of the Cascades is the cause of the advance.

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—The *Colonist* has not yet discovered that there is a deficiency of over a quarter of a million in the government's working account for the financial year ending 30th June, 1886. The party hack, Rip Van Winkle like, on this tender topic, is asleep and as dumb as an oyster.

—The Government organ admits the dereliction of the Local Government in regard to the game laws, and especially to pheasant killing. The laws are all right; the trouble is a set of imbeciles, enjoying the name of Government, are relax in enforcing them.

—The steamers of the O. R. & N. Co. have had a pretty rough week of it. Besides the stormy weather the Geo. E. Starr ran into the Seattle wharf and the North Pacific ran into the Emma Hayward. The latter steamer was badly stove in.

—ANOTHER CANDIDATE—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. B. Erskine to supply the PUBLIC with BOOTS and SHOES at most reasonable prices. Cash is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited. *

—Mr. W. J. Sutton's phrenological exhibition last night at the Victoria Theatre was fairly attended. The busts exhibited were numerous and inspected with much curiosity by the audience. Mr. Sutton has given the subject of phrenology much study, and is well up in the subject. He is a pleasant and a fluent speaker and delighted his audience. Many express the hope that he will repeat the lecture and exhibition at an early date.

Mock Parliament.

The debate on the act to repeal the Legal Act, introduced by Mr. Duval, member for Cassiar, last evening was somewhat lively, that gentleman displaying real debating ability. Notwithstanding the opposition of the government the measure passed its second reading, the opinion of those voting for repeal being that the bill was a disgrace to the statute book of the province. On rising the house adjourned until Wednesday evening next at 8 o'clock.

Concordia.

The new company are, without a doubt, the best yet presented at this theatre, and with the popular Billy Gilbert as director of amusements a series of performances of rare merit may be looked for. This week we have the famous and only Wm. De Ome, Mulligan and Kidd, Phunny Billy, Misses Lipton, Chapmen and Goodwin in their respective specialties and acts. For particulars see programme; come early and secure your seats. *

Gems of British Columbia.

Ladies who have had their children's photographs taken at Mr. R. Maynard's Studio during last year, 1883, and have not received one of her yearly gems through the mail or otherwise, can do so by calling at the studio, Douglas street.*

THE ELECTIONS.

Private advices received in this city from Ottawa and Toronto, up to 20th inst., indicate that the Liberal wave is still rolling on and that the result of the election terminating on the 22nd Feby, will witness a complete political revolution in the position of the contending parties. A gentleman capable of forming an opinion, almost infallible as to accuracy, writes: The majority to be given Mr. Blake and his party, east of Lake Superior cannot be counteracted by that recorded against him to the west of that dividing line. In official circles, in Ottawa, there is no room to doubt a result long and devoutly wished for.

A Fatal Dose.

Word has reached this city that Mr. J. Hirschberg, proprietor of the Leland House, Vancouver, died yesterday from the effects of a dose of laudanum he had taken early in the morning. His wife was the first to discover that he had committed the rash act. All that medical skill could do to counteract the deadly effect of the narcotic was ineffectual, the victim breathing his last about noon. Deceased was well known in Winnipeg, from which city he came to Vancouver last summer. His wife, it will be remembered was the first lady to land from the first regular train, and the one to whom His Worship Mayor Fell gave a very handsome boquet with such grace and suavity. Financial and other troubles are said to have been the cause of the suicide.

Operatic.

The Thompson opera troupe, which will open at the Victoria Theatre on Monday night next, is a superb organization of forty artists. In the troupe are three leading ladies, two tenors and three comedians, all of recognized ability. One feature about the troupe is that their *repertoire* comprises new operas, and with the exception of "The Mikado," none have ever been presented here before. "The Mikado," with its original business and original Yum Yum, should be a treat; it is an opera, the more often seen the better appreciated. The other operas to be presented have proved artistic successes in Portland where the troupe has just closed a successful season. We predict an equally as successful season here.

The Scraper.

Mr. John Robertson refutes the statement in this morning's *Standard* that the street scraper was pronounced a failure. Mr. Robertson says that if the streets of Victoria were in the same condition as they are in many of the cities and towns in Britain there could be no doubt as to its ability to perform the work to the satisfaction of the most skeptical. Knowledge and skill is necessary in hitching the machine, to observe that it is adjusted to a proper height from the street. Yesterday's trial was its first test and Mr. Robertson and many others pronounce it, everything considered, a satisfactory one.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are cured in from one to three simple applications made at home. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp, by A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King street West, Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Standard.* *

Social Event.

Assembly Hall was comfortably filled with Lady Douglas' guests last night and to say the least the affair was most enjoyable. The hall was beautifully decorated with bunting and evergreens. Across the centre of the hall evergreens and flags were festooned forming several arches and dividing the hall into two sections. The scene was a brilliant one—a midsummer's night dream. Not until 4 o'clock this morning did the last guests depart and the one opinion voiced was that the ball was the social event of the season.

Orange Blossoms.

At the residence of the bride's mother, Fort street, last evening, the nuptials of Mr. J. E. Jenkins and Miss Mary Ann Allatt were solemnized by the Rev. Bishop Cridge. Miss Fanny Allatt acted as bridesmaid and Mr. John Langley, the popular deputy sheriff, supported the groom. The wedding was strictly private and unostentatious. The happy couple left for their future home at Nanaimo by this morning's train, with the warmest congratulations of all for their future prosperity.

Incoming Passengers.

On board the Mexico, from San Francisco, for this city, are L Guichon and wife, W H Holland, Mrs H Holland, Mrs H Young and daughter, T Davis and wife, Mrs Anderson and two children, Wm Tietjeh, W McGowan, B Brown, A A Marshall, H Romel, S C McAdam, Mrs McAdam, H A Smith, T H Rothwell, Harriet Street, R McDougall, H Banster, F Hayes, G A Eastman, E Hirschfield, Herbert White, George Beauchamp, T Glass.

Sudden Death.

Frank Sheppard was found lying opposite the Cleveland Hotel, Vancouver, on Wednesday morning last, in a comatose state. He died the following afternoon. He was 55 years of age, and has relatives in Sutton, Mass. An inquest will be held.

Y. M. C. A.

The Gospel meetings at the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Sunday p. m. are becoming very popular. In addition to the usual singing by the choir, an orchestra consisting of eight instruments now take part in the services.

Baptist Church.

Preaching by the pastor at both services to-morrow. Morning subject: "The Canaanite and the Perizzite in the land." Evening subject: "The blessedness of obedience." The ordinance of baptism will follow the evening sermon.

Resigned.

Officer Lindsay, of the police force, today sent in his resignation resigning from that body of guardians. He has accepted the position vacated by Geo. Connor as nightwatchman for private property owners on Government street beat.

To The Electors in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen:—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald. Yours, very sincerely, T. B. HUMPHREYS.

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos sent us on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.
British Columbia Stationery Co.,
Next door to Post Office.

ORGANS.

We have a few Organs left, which we will sell cheap to clear them out.
B. C. Stationery Co.,
Next door to Post Office.

OUR NATIONAL HIGHWAY.

History of the Line in the London Quarterly—Its Objects and Success.

In the current number of the London *Quarterly Review* appears an article on the Canadian Pacific Railway. The reviewer states that the railway is really the history for the time of Canada itself, and is intimately associated with the future of the British Empire. It claims consideration in respect to its imperial and commercial value. The reviewer points out the advantages offered by the road for the conveyance of the Pacific and Atlantic mails to and from Japan, China and Australia, being under one management from sea to sea. The question, will the line pay? can be answered in the affirmative. It is now earning a substantial amount in excess of the fixed charges, a result astonishing and gratifying to the shareholders. The fixed charges will not increase for some time and the traffic receipts will at the worst show a large development. The financial success of the road seems to be assured. Canada is already reaping a good return for the sacrifices she has made, and England cordially hopes her expectations will be fulfilled, inasmuch as the work deeply interests the mother country. The great Northwest has been opened up to emigration, where millions of acres of wheat-producing land awaits the settler. No longer need Canada's sons go to the States to make a new start, nor need emigration from England drift to New York.

The railway has solved the Indian question. It has opened up vast coal fields, stimulating the mining industry on Lake Superior and elsewhere, and promises to establish a large reciprocal trade with Australia. Yet more far-reaching results will affect Englishmen the world over from the new ocean service projected by the Dominion Government, which may well be called "the accelerated mail service." Halifax is to be reached in five days and a-half from Queenstown, and passengers will reach the Pacific coast in eleven days from London.

The Canadian government has proposed the construction of steamers to be used as cruisers on the Pacific seas. In view of the relations of England and China and her less harmonious relations with Russia, the matter is of very great importance to the Empire, and England should not at a critical moment be weak. The railway is of strategic importance to the Empire, and affords a new route to India, if the Suez canal should be blocked, preferable to the Cape route; military and naval stores can be forwarded and transports sent to India more quickly. In the case of war the wheat supply of Russia and India would be stopped by the old routes, but England could obtain her Indian supply through Canada by the railway, as well as a large and ever increasing supply of Canadian grown cereals. The road is already being used by the British Government, which has established stores at Vancouver and Esquimault. It is probable that the mail service from London to Australia via Canada can be made in thirty-two days.

In conclusion the reviewer says Canada by the railway has contributed to the welfare and unity of the Empire and the peaceful interests of the world.

Campaign Comments.

The so-called "Liberal-Conservative" meeting was an unparalleled success—for the other fellows. The Tooley street tailors who conceived the brilliant idea of convening a convention to nominate two gentlemen already agreed upon—have retired into private life.

The Lord High Admiral is of opinion that the meeting was a mistake. His prospects have been irretrievably ruined.

The descendant of the bard of Avon believes it was a put-up job of the enemy. The perversity of the people is astounding, and must be counteracted by a restriction act.

The chairman, Mr. Drake, thinks that his opinion on public meetings will have to be paid for. To arrive at anything definite requires too much research for the result to be given gratis.

Dr. Helmcken—Its all right any way. Vote for Sir John.

The Secretary—It was only the result of misplaced confidence. We trusted the people but the people would not trust us. The people be blowed.

The Reward of True Merit.

The unprecedented sale of *Boschee's German Syrup* within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles. *

CONSIGNEES.

Per the Geo. E. Starr from the Sound: Bossi & Co, Capt Green, Carne & Munsie, Gutman & Co, H Boyd & Co, H Y Co, J Parker, J Spratt, J Wilson, J Rosseau, J Weiler, J Brown, Lenz & Co, T B & Co, Von Volkenburg, W McCall, W Wilson & Co.

For San Francisco.

The Geo. W. Elder, for San Francisco, which sailed at 1 o'clock, carried the following passengers from Victoria: Miss L Sayyea, A G Ferguson and wife, L Dickenson, C Moore, W C Shaw, Mrs Needham.

At the Bottom.

The scow and machinery used by Mr. Hayward at Dredger Rock, went to the bottom of the harbor during the gale on Wednesday night.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Dr. Reid will preach in this church to-morrow at 11 a. m. and the Rev. Mr. McCrae at 7 o'clock in the evening.

The Queen will be 68 years old on the 24th of May next, and will celebrate the 50th anniversary of her accession to the throne on the following month.

The sawmill of Illingworth & Ingram, Leeds, one of the largest in the north of England, was destroyed by fire. The damage is estimated at £30,000.

At the Brighton Police Court the other day about 150 old men and women met together to receive a Christmas dole. Their average age was 83 years, but most of them were well and hearty, and quite ready to fight, if need be, for "Old England."

It has been decided to close the Manitoba immigration office at Winnipeg for the winter months.

John H. Tiffin, of Wallaceburg, took an overdose of laudanum a few days ago and died from the effects.

St. Johns, Que., has been warned to improve its fire appliances or prepare for an increase in insurance rates.

A tramp at Truro, N. S., broke a $130 pane of glass in order to get into jail for food and shelter for the winter.

The Medicine Hat, N. W. T., Times, states that it has got hold of a sensational morsel of news, but it declines to publish it.

Not long since a Dorchester farmer delivered to a London butcher a fat heifer, eighteen months old, weighing 2,800 pounds.

There has just been found at Rat Portage the skeleton of a man named Taylor who was drowned while bathing there two years ago.

PERSONALS.

Colonel Penn., U. S. Customs officer at New Westminster is in the city.

Mr. Bole, M. P. P., was a passenger by the mainland steamer this morning for New Westminster.

L. A. Wilson, representing the wine and liquor house of James Guest, Montreal, is a guest at the Driard.

The Hon. Wm. Smithe is so poorly that he was not able to be in his place in the Assembly for the last two days.

Mr. A. E. House, of Nicola, was registered at the Rossin House, Toronto, last week.

Mr. E. G. Higginson, Crown Timber Agent at New Westminster, has gone to Ottawa on department business.

Dr. J. D. Helmcken is confined to his room with an attack of typhoid fever. It is expected he will be able to resume his practice in a short time, as his symptoms have already taken a favorable turn.

Passengers per North Pacific last evening: Geo McKenney, C Gardner, R F Ault, Mrs Richards, J B Blanchet, D E Brown, J W Miller, J R Miller, A Stewart, D Chisp, J Roach, J Pratt and wife, Mrs Blum and child.

Mr. Campbell Shaw, lately of Vancouver, was a passenger by the Frisco steamer for the south to-day. It is said he will remain for a time in Southern California.

Passengers by the Starr to-day: L W Fall, J Burke, G A Marshall, C R Baker, F Stirsky, W Connell, F Kissell, J Green, Godfrey and wife, J Rosseau, Dorr, Gatheril, Thomson.

From the Inlet the Princess Louise last night had on board E E Penn, J Carson, W Lewis, W and T Mackey, E H Stinson, M D McLennan, A McAlister, A J Clark, S Sweet, Captain Clark, Mrs Cambie, D Pettingall, C Shaw, Mrs Delcou, Miss Crook, Captain Ettershank, W R Hobbs, Mrs Bristoe.

Customs Regulations.

Hon. McKenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs, held a conference with the Council of the Montreal Board of Trade last week, as to the working of the Customs laws and grievances of importers. The result of the conference is that the minister has promised that the Customs oath will be abolished, the merchants being held responsible for the truth of his entry, and that the appraisers should have no share in the fines or on seizures, but should be paid sufficiently liberal salaries that they will not require this means of increasing their incomes, and to favorably consider the demand made that in cases of differences of opinion between importers and Customs authorities it should be decided by arbitration.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powers. SOLD ONLY IN CANS. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co 106 Wall Street, New York.

Victoria Transfer Co.
(LIMITED.)

REDUCTION
OF
Hack Rates.

The following exceptionally low HACK and LIVERY RATES will apply until further notice:

From the Stand to any point within the city limits, one person	25
Driving by the hour, each hour	$1 00
Dinner Parties and Theatres, to and from	1 00
To Trains and Steamers, each person	50
Balls and Parties, each Carriage	2 00
To and from Church, each Carriage	1 00

Hacks furnished any hour of Day or Night.
TELEPHONE CALL 129.

Regular customers having monthly accounts of over $15 will be entitled to a discount of 10 per cent. on above rates.

Having a large number of Carriages, the Company are always in a position to fill an order.
nov17

NEW TO-DAY.

Card of Thanks.

THE HACKMEN OF THE CITY WHO WERE engaged in conveying guests to and from Lady Douglas' Ball last evening, desire publicly to thank that lady for her kind consideration in inviting them to partake of a sumptuous supper. The feeling that prompted the kind act is fully appreciated.
jan29 1t THE HACKMEN.

Notice to Stockmen.

THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL
"LORNE"

Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, Foul Bay. Terms—$5, cash.

The Thorough-bred Berkshire Boar
"CONQUEROR"
is also offered for service. Terms—$4, cash.
jan29 1m D&W J. S. SHOPLAND.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

ONE WEEK ONLY.
Commencing Monday, January 31st,

Return of the favorite
THOMPSON OPERA COMP'Y.

Monday Evening, Jan. 31—THE MIKADO, with all the original business of Gilbert and Sullivan. Tuesday Evening, Feb. 1—The Boston "Ideals" great success, "Victor, the Blue Stocking." Wednesday Evening, Feb. 2—"The Musketeers." Thursday Evening, Feb. 3—Lecocq's charming Opera, "Heart and Hand." Friday Evening, Feb. 4—The great London success, "Erminie." Saturday Evening, Feb. 5—"Madame Favart."

GRAND FAMILY MATINEE
On Saturday Afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Box Sheet opens at Waitt's Book Store, Wednesday morning, Jan. 26th, at 10 o'clock. Prices—$1.25, $1. Gallery, 50c. jan26 1t6

AUCTION

Re Kwong Lee Estate.

POSTPONED.

The Sale of the Book Accounts of the above Estate advertised to be sold at Kwong Lee's Store, Cormorant street, Victoria, on the 22d January is postponed until 10th February, 1887.

By order. G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
jan 22

PERTINENT QUESTIONS

Did you ever buy any DRY GOODS or MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS that have pleased you as well or gave you such satisfaction as the Goods bought at our Store?

25 inch Grey Homespun Dress Goods	$ 20
25 inch Dress Flannels, black and colors	25
25 inch do. do. All Wool	35
42 inch Cashmeres Black and Colors	40
44 inch French do. do.	65
25 inch Scotch Homespuns Dress Goods in Light and dark Gray	35
26 inch Fine Black Velveteen	60
26 inch Colored do.	75
50 DOZEN	
Size 17x36 Linen Towels	12½
24 Yds., Unbleached Cotton for	1 00
12 Yds., do. do. Heavy	1 00
12 Yds., Canton Flannel	1 00
2 Yds., Wide Unbleached Sheeting	25
2 Yds., Wide White do. do.	35
12 Yds., White Cotton	1 00
9 Yds., do. Fine 36 inches Wide	1 00
15 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose	40
40 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose, Seamless	50
100 PAIRS	
Ladies Coraline Corsets in Gold and Scarlet per Pair	75
50 PAIRS	
Crompton's Coraline Corsets	1 00
75 PAIRS	
The famous Coiled Wire	1 25
A full line of Blankets and Comforters at our usually low prices	
Mens Heavy Wool Undershirts	75
Mens Scarlet do. do.	90
Mens Vicuna Merino	1 15
Mens Lambs Wool $1.25 $1.37	1 50
All Wool Sox per pair	25
Mens Heavy Home Knitt 3 for	1 00

ARGYLE HOUSE,
CLARENCE BLOCK,
DOUGLAS STREET.

WM. O'REILLY,
Manager.

☞ *All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.* jan13 D&W

THE OLD RELIABLE
JOHN BULL
BITTERS.
UNEQUALLED.
A. B. GRAY & CO.,
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia
nov26 D&W

A. A. Aaronson,
PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and endless variety. Note the address—Johnson Street between Broad and Government. s24

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 207 Fort Street between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. ☞ OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION dec29 12m

FRESH
Baltimore Oysters,
BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT
R. Beauchamp's,
YATES STREET.
Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.
jan 10

TO LET.
'The Fashion'
Livery and Sale Stables,
FORT STREET
To let. Apply at Market Exchange Saloon next door. jan8 1f

Hudson's Bay Company.

Large additions to the present Stock of Oilman's Stores, Wines and Liquors have been received ex "Hermine."

These Goods have been purchased on advantageous terms, and are now being offered at Low Prices.

Further supplies of General Merchandise are expected to arrive shortly, ex "Viola," "Huasquina," "Oban Bay," and "Titania." jan18

Great Annual Discount Sale
OF
BOOTS & SHOES
COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE
City Boot & Shoe Store
AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.

☞ Now is your time. $29,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be cleared out to make room for Spring Goods.

G. H. MAYNARD, - - Fort Street.

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S
Boot and Shoe Emporium,
Corner Government & Johnson Sts.
BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

$6,000 TO BE SACRIFICED!

The undersigned having completed arrangements for an extensive increase in their English Clothing and Dry Goods Departments, have determined to close out their entire stock of Boots and Shoes and to discontinue that branch of business. As it is our intention to make a quick clearance we shall, during the next Thirty Days, offer the whole of our immense Boot and Shoe Stock at Half Cost.

N. B.—Special Prices and Liberal Credit to the Trade in lots to suit.

☞ SALE NOW ON.

Chas Russell, McDonald & Co
CHEAP VARIETY STORE,
DOUGLAS STREET,
AND
English House, Fort Street.
jan15

John Weiler,
MANUFACTURER OF
FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES,
And Importer of
Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

—AGENT FOR DOMINION
WIRE MATTRESSES,

Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada using Oil Tempered Springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also

IRON BEDSTEADS
Combined with above Mattress.

☞ The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C.
jan26

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the erection of a two story Hotel at Goldstream for Jas Phair Esq. Tenders must be sent in before 12 o'clock at noon of February 5th, plans now to be seen at my office.
jan 24 E. H. FISHER Architect.

FOR SALE.

The Victoria House, Dry Goods Business,

ESTABLISHED 24 YEARS, AND NOW DOING a profitable trade.

The undersigned wishing to retire, offers the well assorted Stock for Sale en bloc.

The brick Store, 33x70, with fixtures complete, can be leased for a term of years, also the brick Warehouse in the rear, with entrance from Broad Street.

WILLIAM DENNY,
Government St., Victoria, B. C.

The business will be carried on as usual giving the very best value for cash. jan 10

Kings Head Beer Hall,
JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and ranks now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Wm. White late of the Fountain Saloon, will be happy to see all his old friends and acquaintances, and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.

DOERING AND WHITE.
BEER A SPECIALTY, FIVE CENTS A GLASS. jan15

VICTORIA
LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale. Business strictly confidential.

44 JOHNSON STREET,
Opposite Railroad Hotel. P.O. Box [illegible]